ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

JUNE 30, 2016

Annual Financial Report June 30, 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of the Georgetown Divide Public Utility District Georgetown, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary fund of the Georgetown Divide Public Utility District (District) as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the District for the year ended June 30, 2015. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the District, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

To the Board of Directors of the Georgetown Divide Public Utility District Georgetown, California

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities, each major fund, and fiduciary fund of the District as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4-10, the Schedule of Funding Progress for Other Postemployment Benefits on page 44, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability on page 45, and the Schedule of Pension Contributions on page 46 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Georgetown Divide Public Utility District's basic financial statements. The Schedules of Operating Expenses and Restricted Plant Benefit Charges and Disclosures are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedules of Operating Expenses and Restricted Plant Benefits Charges and Disclosures are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedules of Operating Expenses and Restricted Plant Benefits Charges and Disclosures are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

To the Board of Directors of the Georgetown Divide Public Utility District Georgetown, California

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 20, 2017, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Fechter & Company,

Certified Public Accountants

Sacramento, California

January 20, 2017

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2016

As management of the Georgetown Divide Public Utility District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the audited financial statements and accompanying notes that follow this section.

Financial Highlights

The fiscal year was, once again challenging from an economic perspective. Total revenue for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016 was \$4,052,283, an increase of \$438,547 or 12.14% from the previous fiscal year. Total expenses were \$4,469,731, an increase of \$664,334 or 17.46% from the previous fiscal year. The decrease in net position was \$417,448 for the fiscal year. By closely monitoring the budget and cutting expenses, the District was able to minimize the decrease in net assets.

Operating revenue totaled \$1,959,999 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, a decrease of \$2,453 or 0.12% from the previous fiscal year. Operating expenses totaled \$4,436,717, an increase of \$729,192 or 19.67% from the previous fiscal year.

Non-operating revenue was \$2,092,284, an increase of \$441,000 or 26.71%. Non-operating expense was \$33,014, a decrease of \$64,858 or 66.27%. The remaining non-operating revenue supplements operating revenue to cover operating expenses and capital improvements.

Other significant financial activities were:

- Filling certain staff positions.
- Increased CalPERS benefit payments with the implementation of GASB 68.
- Investing towards the design of the Auburn Lake Trails Water Treatment Plant Retrofit Project.
- Drought conditions that impact water usage.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of four parts: Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Basic Financial Statements, Required Supplementary Information, and optional Supplementary Information.

The required financial statements are the Statement of Net Position at June 30, 2016; the Statement of Activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, at the government-wide level; the Statement of Net Position—Proprietary Funds at June 30, 2016; the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position—Proprietary Funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016; and the Statement of Cash Flows—Proprietary Funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, at the fund level. The final required financial statement is the Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities. The financial statements also include comprehensive notes which summarize the official accounting policies of the District and provide additional details of specific accounts.

The financial statements, except for the cash flow statement, are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, which means that revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred regardless of the timing of cash receipts or payments. The cash flow statement is an exception because that statement shows the receipt and payment of cash for operating activities, non-

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2016

capital financing activities, capital and related financing activities, and investing activities.

Required Financial Statements

The financial statements of the District report information about the District using accounting methods similar to those used by companies in the private sector. These statements offer short and long-term financial information about its activities. The *Statement of Net Position* includes all the District's assets and liabilities. The statement also provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in assets and obligations to District creditors as liabilities. The statement also provides the basis for computing rate of return, evaluating the capital structure of the District, and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the District.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying events giving rise to the changes occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

All of the current fiscal year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the *Statement of Revenues*, *Expenses*, *and Changes in Net Position*. This statement measures the District's operations over the past fiscal year and can be used to determine whether the District has successfully recovered all of its costs through its rates, fees, and other charges. The District's net position and credit worthiness can also be determined from this statement.

The primary purpose of the *Statement of Cash Flows* is to provide information about the District's cash receipts and cash payments during the reporting period. This statement reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operating, investing, and financing activities. It explains where cash came from, cash usage, and the change in the cash balance during the reporting period.

The Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities is provided to report on assets held in an agency capacity for others and which cannot be used to support the District's operating activities.

Financial Analysis of the District

Has the financial condition of the District improved or deteriorated as a result of this year's operations? The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position attempts to answer this question. Net position may be a useful indicator over time as to the District's financial position. But, there may be other non-economic factors that could cause a change in the District's financial situation.

Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position is a snapshot in time that shows assets, liabilities, and net assets as of June 30, 2016. Net Position decreased by \$417,448 to \$16,247,025 in fiscal year 2016. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources decreased by \$136,570 and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources increased by \$280,878 from the previous fiscal year. There is a decrease in net capital assets mainly from depreciation. A summary of the District's Statement of Net Position is presented in Table A-1.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2016

Table A-1 Condensed Statement of Net Position

	 Fiscal Year 2016	Fiscal Year 2015		 Dollar Change	Percent Change
Current assets	\$ 7,163,033	\$	6,966,924	\$ 196,109	2.81%
Restricted assets	2,994,909		3,023,063	(28,154)	-0.93%
Capital assets, net of					
accumulated depreciation	12,270,069		12,754,161	(484,092)	-3.80%
Deferred outflows of resources	 484,729		305,162	179,567	58.84%
Total Assets and Deferred					
Outflows of Resources	 22,912,740		23,049,310	 (136,570)	-0.59%
Current liabilities	223,574		138,114	85,460	61.88%
Current restricted liabilities	8,090		7,719	371	4.81%
Non-current liabilities	6,235,173		5,400,595	834,578	15.45%
Deferred inflows of resources	198,878		838,409	(639,531)	-76.28%
Total Liabilities and Deferred					
Inflows of Resources	6,665,715		6,384,837	280,878	4.40%
	 _			 _	
Net investment in capital assets	11,389,428		11,836,954	(447,525)	-3.78%
Restricted for facilities	2,265,880		2,236,016	29,864	1.34%
Restricted for debt service	397,952		423,946	(25,994)	-6.13%
Unrestricted net position	2,193,765		2,167,557	26,201	1.21%
Total Net Position	\$ 16,247,025	\$	16,664,473	\$ (417,448)	-2.51%

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position provides information on the nature and source of assets represented on the Statement of Net Position. It also shows that the expenses exceeded revenues by \$417,448. Ending net position totaled \$16,247,025. Total revenues increased by \$438,547 in 2016 totaling \$4,052,283. Operating revenue decreased by \$2,453. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position lists the operating revenues and the non-operating revenues together and compares them to the operating and non-operating expenses. Table A-2 depicts total revenues and total expenses and the resulting changes in net position.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2016

Table A-2 Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

	Fiscal Year 2016	Fiscal Year 2015	Dollar Change	Percent Change	
Operating revenues Non-operating revenues and	\$ 1,959,999	\$ 1,962,452	\$ (2,453)	-0.12%	
contributions	2,092,284	1,651,284	441,000	26.71%	
Total Revenues	4,052,283	3,613,736	438,547	12.14%	
Operating expenses Non-operating expenses Total Expenses	4,436,717 33,014 4,469,731	3,707,525 97,872 3,805,397	729,192 (64,858) 664,334	19.67% -66.27% 17.46%	
Net Income (Loss)	(417,448)	(191,661)	(225,787)	117.81%	
Beginning Net Position, Restated	16,664,473	16,856,134	(191,661)	-1.14%	
Ending Net Position	\$ 16,247,025	\$ 16,664,473	\$ (417,448)	-2.51%	

Operating Revenues

In a purely business environment, operating revenues are meant to cover operating expenses, retire debt and provide for future improvements by accumulating reserves. The rural nature of the District allows for the receipt of property taxes which are used in conjunction with the operating revenues to pay for operating expenses and other needs. Due to dry weather conditions and conservation practices water demand revenue decreased over the prior fiscal year. The remaining operating revenues were close to expectations. Operating revenues are depicted in Table A-3.

Table A-3
Condensed Operating Revenues

	_	Fiscal Year 2016		Fiscal Year 2015	Dollar Change		Percent Change				
Water sales – residential	\$	1,244,193	\$	1,236,737	\$	7,456	0.60%				
Water sales – commercial		177,031		170,797		6,234	3.65%				
Water sales – irrigation		135,218		157,407		(22,189)	-14.10%				
Water disposal fees and charges		346,429		344,857		1,572	0.46%				
Penalties		39,885		48,532		(8,647)	-17.82%				
Connections		15,232		4,111		11,121	270.52%				
Other operating revenues	2,011		2,011		2,011			11	2,000		18181.82%
Total Operating Revenues	\$	1,959,999	\$	1,962,452	\$	(2,453)	-0.12%				

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2016

Operating Expenses by Department

Total operating expenses increased \$729,192 or 19.67% to \$4,436,717. The largest expense increase was in Transmission and Distribution activities largely due to recovery from the drought and required usage water conservation measures from the prior year. The increase to On-Site Wastewater Disposal was due to position adjustments. Administrative service expenses increased due to General Manager and Office Manager in place for a full year. The hydroelectric activities are combined with the administrative activities as they are not material enough to present separately. Source of Supply expenses increased due to personnel adjustments. The Water Treatment Plant expenses increased slightly due to cost of living adjustments. Operating expenses are depicted in Table A-4.

Table A-4
Operating Expenses by Department

		Fiscal Year 2016		Fiscal Year 2015		Dollar Change	Percent Change
Source of supply	\$	351,861	\$	231,538	\$	120,323	51.97%
Transmission and distribution –	Ψ	331,001	Ψ	231,336	Ψ	120,323	31.5770
raw water		593,812		576,995		16,817	2.91%
Water treatment		546,119		540,882		5,237	0.97%
Transmission and distribution –							
treated water		728,310		540,249		188,061	34.81%
Customer service		250,023		260,774		(10,751)	-4.12%
Administrative and hydroelectric		966,505		721,814		244,691	33.90%
Depreciation and amortization		816,291		672,901		143,390	21.31%
On-site wastewater disposal zone		183,796		162,372		21,424	13.19%
Total Operating Expenses	\$	4,436,717	\$	3,707,525	\$	729,192	19.67%

Operating Revenues vs. Operating Expenses

The District's operating loss increased by \$731,645. Table A-5 compares operating revenues to operating expenses and depicts the District's reliance on other revenue for operations.

Table A-5
Operating Revenues vs. Operating Expenses

	_	Fiscal Year 2016		Fiscal Year 2015	 Dollar Change	Percent Change
Operating Revenues	\$	1,959,999	\$	1,962,452	\$ (2,453)	-0.12%
Operating Expenses		4,436,717		3,707,525	729,192	19.67%
Operating Loss	\$	(2,476,718)	\$	(1,745,073)	\$ (731,645)	41.93%

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2016

Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses

The District's non-operating income is vital to covering operations. Property taxes increased this fiscal year and interest income declined. Table A-6 compares non-operating revenues and expenses.

Table A-6 Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses

	Fiscal Year 2016	Fiscal Year 2015	Dollar Change	Percent Change
Property taxes – general	\$ 1,447,381	\$ 1,379,559	\$ 67,822	4.92%
Interest income	45,883	44,764	1,119	2.50%
Restricted benefit charges	18,400		18,400	
Lease revenue	60,230	49,356	10,874	22.03%
Hydroelectric royalty payments	43,259	47,240	(3,981)	-8.43%
SMUD payment	108,515	107,825	690	0.64%
Gain on sale of asset	1,527		1,527	
Other	27,483	22,540	4,943	21.93%
Capital contributions	339,606		339,606	
Total Non-Operating Revenues	2,092,284	1,651,284	441,000	26.71%
Total Non-Operating Expenses	33,014	97,872	(64,858)	-66.27%
Non-Operating Income Less Non-Operating Expense	\$ 2,059,270	\$ 1,553,412	\$ 505,858	32.56%

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets for the fiscal year was \$332,201 while depreciation expense was \$816,291. The investment in capital improvements include but are not limited to:

- \$129,469 to move the Auburn Lake Trails Water Treatment Plant Retrofit project forward,
- \$54,406 for a 2016 Dodge Ram 5500
- \$48.517 for a Ditch Witch FX30 Vac Trailer
- \$22,240 for a 2016 Ford F-150
- \$9,630 for office computers

Additional information about District capital assets can be obtained in Note 4 of the notes to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt and Debt Administration

At June 30, 2016, the District had \$6,235,173 in long-term debt, including compensated absences and other postemployment benefits obligations, \$834,578 more than the prior fiscal year. The District continues to perform debt administration functions previously performed by the County on the District's behalf for certain 1915 Act bonds. Additional information about District long-term debt can be obtained in Note 5 of the notes to the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2016

CalPERS Pension Plan

Assembly Bill 340 was recently passed by the California Legislature in an effort to reduce CalPERS pension costs in the long run. The District has participated in a CalPERS Pension Plan since February of 1972. There have been amendments to the contract with CalPERS over the years. CalPERS requires the District to be part of a small employer pool and the 2006 contract change which require payments to reduce a side fund. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute and the employer contribution rate is established and may be amended by CalPERS.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

The District has been endeavoring to fund these benefit commitments for many years and implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45 – Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions in fiscal year 2010. On April 11, 2006, the District adopted Ordinance 2006-01 regarding retiree health benefits implementing caps on the amount the District would pay towards these types of benefits. A calculation of the future liability for these benefits has been prepared utilizing the simplified method allowed by the statement for small employers. Utilizing this method, it is estimated that the District saved approximately \$850,000 by instituting the caps. The estimated actuarial liability at June 30, 2016, is \$1,532,949. The District has set aside \$566,605 for this obligation. As the District administers this plan without a trust, the designated assets set aside for these benefits are not recognized in the notes to the financial statements. Additional information about postemployment benefits other than pensions can be obtained in Note 14 of the notes to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Rates

The District's customer base continues to grow at a slow rate. The District completed a Water System Reliability Study in fiscal year 2002. This study has been utilized as a basis for long-term maintenance and capital improvement plans for the District. The District reviewed its financial reserves and updated its financial reserve policy in fiscal year 2006. The updated reserve policy provides a guide for development of future rates and fees to adequately support the capital and operation needs of the District.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the finances of the Georgetown Divide Public Utility District. After the financial report is approved by the Board of Directors, it can be found under the financial section on the District's website (gd-pud.org). Copies of the report are also provided to the El Dorado County libraries in Placerville and Georgetown. A copy will be available for review at the District office, located at 6425 Main St, Georgetown, CA 95634. Questions concerning any information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the General Manager of the District, Georgetown Divide Public Utility District, P.O. Box 4240, Georgetown, CA 95634-4240.

GEORGETOWN DIVIDE PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

(with comparative totals for June 30, 2015)

	Business-Typ	be Activities
	2016	2015
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and investments	\$ 6,646,096	\$ 6,398,651
Receivables:		
Accounts	366,806	425,170
Interest	7,081	1,372
Inventory	41,826	47,135
Deposits and prepaid expenses	101,224	94,596
Total current assets	7,163,033	6,966,924
Restricted Assets:		•
Cash and investments	2,717,114	2,666,510
Receivables:	201	4.040
Interest	281	4,819
Current assessments	55,616	56,014
Non-current assessments	221,898	294,176
Deposits and prepaid expenses		1,544
Total restricted assets	2,994,909	3,023,063
Carital assets mat	12 270 060	12 754 161
Capital assets, net	12,270,069	12,754,161
TOTAL ASSETS	22,428,011	22,744,148
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred pensions	484,729	305,162
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED		
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 22,912,740	\$23,049,310
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 22,912,740	\$23,049,310
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	146,833	92,188
Accrued expenses	51,489	30,428
Unearned revenue	25,252	15,498
Total Current Liabilities	223,574	138,114
Current Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets:		
Accrued interest payable	5,646	6,548
Accounts payable	1,273	-
Unearned revenue	1,171	1,171
Total Current Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets	8,090	7,719
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Due in one year	137,481	117,750
Due in more than one year	6,097,692	5,282,845
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	6,235,173	5,400,595
TOTAL LIABILITIES	6,466,837	5,546,428
		3,510,120
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred pensions	198,878	838,409
NAME DOGGETTON		
NET POSITION	44 000 400	11.00/.05/
Net investment in capital assets	11,389,428	11,836,954
Restricted for new facilities	2,265,880	2,236,016
Restricted for debt service	397,952	423,946
Unrestricted	2,193,765	2,167,557
TOTAL NET POSITION	16,247,025	16,664,473
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS		
OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$ 22,912,740	\$23,049,310

GEORGETOWN DIVIDE PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 (with comparative totals for June 30, 2015)

		Program Revenues					et Changes is	n N	et Position
					Capital				_
		C	harges for	Contributions					
Functions/Programs	 Expenses		Services	aı	nd Grants		2016		2015
Business-Type Activities:									
Water	\$ 4,258,065	\$	1,613,570	\$	339,606	\$ ((2,304,889)	\$	(1,997,165)
Wastewater Disposal	211,666		346,429		-		134,763		154,220
Total business-type activities	\$ 4,469,731	\$	1,959,999	\$	339,606	((2,170,126)		(1,842,945)
		Ge	neral Reven	ues:					
		P	roperty taxes				1,447,381		1,379,559
		It	vestment inc	come			45,883		44,764
		C	ther revenue	S			259,414		226,961
		T	otal general i	reven	ues		1,752,678		1,651,284
		C	hange in net	posit	ion		(417,448)		(191,661)
		Net	t position - be	eginn	ing of year	1	16,664,473		19,875,511
		ъ.							(2.010.255)
		Pric	or period adji	ıstme	ent				(3,019,377)
		NI-4	modition 1.		i				
			t position - be	guin	ing or year,	1	16 664 472		16 956 124
		re	estated			1	16,664,473		16,856,134
		Net	t position end	l of v	ear	\$ 1	16,247,025	\$	16,664,473

GEORGETOWN DIVIDE PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2016

(with comparative totals for June 30, 2015)

	Enterpr	ise Funds	Totals			
		Wastewater				
	Water	Disposal	2016	2015		
ASSETS		_				
Current Assets:						
Cash and investments	\$ 5,766,122	\$ 879,974	\$ 6,646,096	\$ 6,398,651		
Receivables:	262.060	1.716	266006	405 150		
Accounts	362,060		366,806	425,170		
Interest	6,005	1,076	7,081	1,372		
Inventory	41,826	1 200	41,826	47,135		
Deposits and prepaid expenses	99,934		101,224	94,596		
Total current assets	6,275,947	887,086	7,163,033	6,966,924		
Restricted Assets:	2 401 056	225 150	2 717 114	2 (((510		
Cash and investments	2,491,956	225,158	2,717,114	2,666,510		
Receivables:		201	201	4.010		
Interest	- 55 (1)	281	281	4,819		
Current assessments	55,616	-	55,616	56,014		
Non-current assessments	221,898	-	221,898	294,176		
Deposits and prepaid expenses Total restricted assets	2,769,470	225 420	2 004 000	1,544		
Total restricted assets	2,769,470	225,439	2,994,909	3,023,063		
Conital assets not	12.020.472	221 507	12 270 060	12 754 161		
Capital assets, net	12,038,472		12,270,069	12,754,161		
TOTAL ASSETS	21,083,889	1,344,122	22,428,011	22,744,148		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred pensions	468,248	16,481	484,729	305,162		
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED	100,210			505,102		
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	© 21.552.127	¢ 1 260 602	¢ 22.012.740	¢ 22.040.210		
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 21,552,137	\$ 1,360,603	\$ 22,912,740	\$ 23,049,310		
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	139,070	7,763	146,833	92,188		
Accrued expenses	51,489	-	51,489	30,428		
Unearned revenue	25,252	-	25,252	15,498		
Total Current Liabilities	215,811	7,763	223,574	138,114		
Current Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets:						
Accrued interest payable	5,646	-	5,646	6,548		
Accounts payable	1,273	-	1,273	-		
Unearned revenue	1,171	-	1,171	1,171		
Total Current Liabilities Payable from						
Restricted Assets	8,090	-	8,090	7,719		
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Due in one year	136,722	759	137,481	117,750		
Due in more than one year	5,934,875	162,817	6,097,692	5,282,845		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	6,071,597	163,576	6,235,173	5,400,595		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	6,295,498	171,339	6,466,837	5,546,428		
DEFENDED INFLOWE OF DECOUDER		_				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	100 116	(7.0	100.050	020 400		
Deferred pensions	192,116	6,762	198,878	838,409		
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS						
OF RESOURCES	192,116	6,762	198,878	838,409		
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	11,157,831	231,597	11,389,428	11,836,954		
Restricted for new facilities	2,040,441	225,439	2,265,880	2,236,016		
Restricted for debt service	397,952		397,952	423,946		
Unrestricted	1,468,299	725,466	2,193,765	2,167,557		
TOTAL NET POSITION	15,064,523		16,247,025	16,664,473		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED		- 				
INFLOWS AND NET POSITION	\$ 21,552,137	\$ 1,360,603	\$ 22,912,740	\$ 23,049,310		
THE THE TOURISH	+ 21,552,157	= =	= ==,>12,710	22,515,515		

GEORGETOWN DIVIDE PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (with comparative totals for June 30, 2015)

	Enterprise Funds				Totals			
		Water		astewater Disposal		2016		2015
Operating revenues:		water		risposai		2010		2013
Water sales:								
Residential	\$	1,244,193	\$	_	\$	1,244,193	\$	1,236,737
Commercial	Ψ.	177,031	Ψ.	_	Ψ	177,031	Ψ.	170,797
Irrigation		135,218		_		135,218		157,407
Installations and connections		15,232		_		15,232		4,111
Waste disposal:		,				,		,
Zone charges		_		311,629		311,629		310,661
Design fees		-		1,200		1,200		1,200
Escrow fees		-		33,600		33,600		32,996
Penalties		39,885		-		39,885		48,532
Other		2,011		-		2,011		11
Total operating revenues		1,613,570		346,429		1,959,999		1,962,452
Operating expenses:								
Source of supply		351,861		_		351,861		231,538
Transmission and distribution - raw water		593,812		-		593,812		576,995
Pumping and power		546,119		-		546,119		540,882
Transmission and distribution - treated water		728,310		_		728,310		540,249
Customer service		250,023		-		250,023		260,774
Administration and hydroelectric		966,505		_		966,505		721,814
Depreciation		788,421		27,870		816,291		672,901
On-Site Wastewater Disposal Zone		_		183,796		183,796		162,372
Total operating expenses		4,225,051		211,666		4,436,717		3,707,525
Operating income (loss)		(2,611,481)		134,763		(2,476,718)		(1,745,073)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):								
Tax revenue - general		1,447,381		_		1,447,381		1,379,559
Interest income		41,827		4,056		45,883		44,764
Lease revenue		60,230		-		60,230		49,356
SMUD payment		108,515		_		108,515		107,825
Hydroelectric royalty payments		43,259		_		43,259		47,240
Capital facility charge		18,400		_		18,400		
Gain on sale of assets		1,527		_		1,527		_
Other revenue		27,483		_		27,483		22,540
Interest expense		(25,882)		_		(25,882)		(31,515)
Other expense		(7,132)		_		(7,132)		(66,357)
Total non-operating revenues, net		1,715,608		4,056		1,719,664		1,553,412
Income (loss) before capital contributions								
and transfers		(895,873)		138,819		(757,054)		(191,661)
Capital contributions		339,606		_		339,606		_
Transfers in		1,189,000		9,358		1,198,358		191,000
Transfers out		(1,198,358)		-		(1,198,358)		(191,000)
Capital contributions and transfers in (out), net		330,248		9,358		339,606		-
Change in net position		(565,625)		148,177		(417,448)		(191,661)
Beginning net position		15,630,148	1	,034,325		16,664,473		19,875,511
Prior period adjustment		-		-		-		(3,019,377)
Beginning net position, restated		15,630,148		,034,325		16,664,473		16,856,134
Ending net position		15,064,523	\$ 1	,182,502		16,247,025		16,664,473

GEORGETOWN DIVIDE PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (with comparative totals for June 30, 2015)

	Enterpris	se Funds	Totals			
		Wastewater				
	<u>Water</u>	Disposal	2016	2015		
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Receipts from customers	\$ 1,681,407	\$ 346,710	\$ 2,028,117	\$ 1,972,225		
Payments to suppliers	(1,303,366)	(93,857)	(1,397,223)	(1,025,657)		
Payments to employees	(2,005,592)	(88,361)	(2,093,953)	(1,893,599)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	(1,627,551)	164,492	(1,463,059)	(947,031)		
Cash Flows from non-capital financing activities:						
Property taxes received	1,447,381	-	1,447,381	1,379,559		
Assessment receivable payments	72,676	-	72,676	143,317		
Receipts from capacity charges	18,400	-	18,400			
SMUD payment	108,515	-	108,515	107,825		
Hydroelectric royalty payments	43,259	_	43,259	47,240		
Other revenue	27,483	_	27,483	22,540		
Other expense	(7,132)	_	(7,132)	(66,357)		
Transfers (to)/from other funds	(9,358)	9,358	(7,132)	(00,557)		
Receipts from cellular antenna rentals	60,230	- -	60,230	49,356		
receipts from centular antenna rentais				47,330		
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	1,761,454	9,358	1,770,812	1,683,480		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:						
Principal payments on long-term debt	(90,972)	_	(90,972)	(190,774)		
Interest payments on long-term debt	(26,784)	_	(26,784)	(32,860)		
Capital grant	339,606	_	339,606	(52,600)		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	1,527	_	1,527	_		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(277,793)	_	(277,793)	(131,118)		
				(101,110)		
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(54,416)		(54,416)	(354,752)		
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Proceeds from maturities of investments	-	-	-	600,000		
Investment income received	41,048	3,664	44,712	43,878		
Net cash provided by investing activities	41,048	3,664	44,712	643,878		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	120,535	177,514	298,049	1,025,575		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	8,137,543	927,618	9,065,161	8,039,586		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 8,258,078	\$ 1,105,132	\$ 9,363,210	\$ 9,065,161		
December 19 12 and 19 Charles at a CN 19 December 19						
Reconciliation to the Statement of Net Position:	Φ 5.7((.100	6 070 074	ф. <i>СС</i> 46.006	Ф. С 200 С51		
Cash and investments, unrestricted	\$ 5,766,122	\$ 879,974	\$ 6,646,096	\$ 6,398,651		
Restricted cash and investments	2,491,956	225,158	2,717,114	2,666,510		
Total cash and investments	\$ 8,258,078	\$ 1,105,132	\$ 9,363,210	\$ 9,065,161		
Noncash investing/financing activities:						
Issuance of capital lease	\$ 54,406	\$ -	\$ 54,406	\$ -		
- -						

GEORGETOWN DIVIDE PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(with comparative totals for June 30, 2015)

	Enterpris	se Funds	Totals			
	Water	Wastewater Disposal	2016	2015		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used) by operating activities: Operating loss	\$ (2,611,481)	\$ 134,763	\$ (2,476,718)	\$ (1,745,073)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation	788,421	27,870	816,291	672,901		
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources:						
Accounts receivable	53,503	4,861	58,364	7,340		
Inventory	5,309	-	5,309	(702)		
Deposits and prepaid expenses	(4,779)	(305)	(5,084)	(2,894)		
Deferred outflow - pension	(173,462)	(6,105)	(179,567)	11,634		
Accounts payable	50,473	5,445	55,918	2,087		
Accrued expenses	22,008	(947)	21,061	(22,843)		
Deposits payable	-	-	-	(752)		
Compensated absences	20,175	(1,078)	19,097	(585)		
Postemployment benefits	78,182	-	78,182	76,540		
Deferred inflow - pension	(617,787)	(21,744)	(639,531)	838,409		
Net pension liability	747,553	26,312	773,865	(786,278)		
Unearned revenue	14,334	(4,580)	9,754	3,185		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (1,627,551)	\$ 164,492	\$ (1,463,059)	\$ (947,031)		

GEORGETOWN DIVIDE PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES JUNE 30, 2016

(with comparative totals for June 30, 2015)

	 Totals				
	2016	2015			
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ 103,299	\$	98,709		
Prepaid expenses	-		1,235		
Receivables:					
Interest	67		52		
Current assessments	5,063		4,885		
Noncurrent assessments	 158,464		165,553		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 266,893	\$	270,434		
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 955	\$	-		
Accrued interest payable	2,996		3,076		
Unearned revenue	 73,738		73,088		
Total current liabilities	77,689		76,164		
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Due in one year	5,358		5,066		
Due in more than one year	183,846		189,204		
Total noncurrent liabilities	 189,204		194,270		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 266,893	\$	270,434		

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 1: Significant Accounting Policies

A. Organization and Description

The reporting entity, the Georgetown Divide Public Utility District (District), was created by the electorate, June 4, 1946, under the California Public Utility District Act of 1921. The District operates under a governing five-member Board of Directors (Board) elected at-large for four-year overlapping terms. The District's management is under the direction of the General Manager, who also serves as Clerk, and ex-officio Secretary of the Board, who is appointed by and serves at the pleasure of the Board.

B. Reporting Entity

The District's basic financial statements include the operations of all organizations for which the District's Board of Directors exercises oversight responsibility. Oversight responsibility is demonstrated by financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters.

Based upon the aforementioned oversight criteria, there are no component units in this report which met the criteria of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, as amended by GASB Statements No. 39 and 61.

The basic financial statements include the accounts of two enterprise activities provided by the District: (1) raw and treated water services, and (2) wastewater disposal services in the Auburn Lake Trails (A.L.T.) subdivision.

C. Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the United States of America.

Government-Wide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government (District). These statements include the financial activities of the District, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 1: Significant Accounting Policies - continued

C. Basis of Presentation - continued

Government-Wide Statements - continued

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the District's business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational need of a particular program, and (c) fees, grants, and contributions that are restricted to financing the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements provide information about the District's funds, including the fiduciary fund. Separate statements for each fund category – *proprietary and fiduciary* – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major individual funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. All remaining funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operation of the fund. All other revenues are reported as nonoperating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as nonoperating expenses.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 1: Significant Accounting Policies - continued

C. Basis of Presentation - continued

Fund Financial Statements - continued

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. The District maintains one fiduciary fund. Fiduciary funds are custodial in nature and do not have a measurement focus, however, they do use the accrual basis of accounting.

D. Major Funds

GASB Statement No. 34 defines major funds and requires that the District's major proprietary funds are identified and presented separately in the fund financial statements. All other funds, called nonmajor funds, are combined and reported in a single column, regardless of their fund-type.

Major funds are defined as funds that have assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses equal to or greater than ten percent of their fund-type total and five percent of all fund-type totals. The District may also select other funds that it believes should be presented as major funds. The District reports all its proprietary funds as major funds.

The District reported the following major proprietary funds:

<u>Water</u>

This fund accounts for the activities of providing raw and treated water services to the customers. Raw water service is also known as irrigation water.

Wastewater Disposal

This fund accounts for the activities of monitoring wastewater disposal of the residents of the Auburn Lake Trails subdivision. The area is also known as the On-Site Wastewater Disposal Zone. The On-Site Wastewater Disposal Zone is comprised of all the lots in the Auburn Lake Trails Subdivision, including the lots connected to the Community Disposal System.

Additionally, the District reports a fiduciary agency fund to account for the debt service activities for the Stewart Mine, Greenwood, Cool-Cherry Acres, Spanish Dry Diggins, and Water Line Extensions 77-5 Water Assessment Districts. The District's administration of this debt is a purely custodial function.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 1: Significant Accounting Policies - continued

E. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the *full accrual basis* of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are *incurred*, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and proprietary funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

F. Budget and Budgeting

Budget integration is employed as a management control device. Budgets are formally adopted by the Board of Directors and take effect the following July 1. The budgets are used as a management tool and are not a legal requirement.

G. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

H. Inventory

Inventories of supplies are stated at cost. Cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis.

I. Restricted Assets

These assets consist of certificates of deposit, short-term investments, and receivables which are restricted for debt service and other legal obligations.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 1: Significant Accounting Policies - continued

J. Capital Assets

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of donation. The District capitalizes capital assets valued over \$1,000 and having a useful life of at least three years. Depreciation is recorded using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the capital assets which range from 30 to 100 years for the plant and pipelines and 3 to 15 years for other equipment.

K. Compensated Absences

All earned vacation, which is payable upon termination or retirement, is accrued as compensated absences, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

L. Property Taxes

The District receives property taxes from El Dorado County (County), which has been assigned the responsibility for assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all taxing jurisdictions within the County. The District's property taxes are levied each July 1, on the assessed values as of the prior January 1 for all real and personal property located in the District. Property sold after the assessment date (January 1) is reassessed and the amount of the supplemental property tax levied is prorated. Secured property taxes are due in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and are delinquent after December 10 and April 10, respectively. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due on the January 1 lien date and become delinquent if unpaid by August 31.

The District participates in the County "Teeter Plan" method of property tax distribution and thus receives 100% of the District's apportionment each fiscal year, eliminating the need for an allowance for uncollectible. The County, in return, receives all penalties and interest on the related delinquent taxes. Under the Teeter Plan, the County remits property taxes to the District based on assessments, not on collections, according to the following schedule: 55 percent in December, 40 percent in April, and 5 percent at the end of the fiscal year.

M. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the GASB and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA), requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 1: Significant Accounting Policies - continued

N. Comparative Data

Comparative total data for the prior fiscal year has been presented in the accompanying basic financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the District's financial position, operations, and cash flows. Certain classifications may have been made to the prior fiscal year financial statements to conform to the current fiscal year presentation.

O. Net Position

GASB Statement No. 63 requires that the difference between assets added to the deferred outflows of resources and liabilities added to the deferred inflows of resources be reported as net position. Net position is classified as either net investment in capital assets, restricted, or unrestricted.

Net position that is net investment in capital assets consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding principal of related debt. Restricted net position is the portion of net position that has external constraints placed on it by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations of other governments, or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Unrestricted net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

P. Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pension, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Government of District's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plans (Plans) and additions to /deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 2: Cash and Investments

Classification

The cash and investments are classified in the financial statements as shown below, based on whether or not their use is restricted under the terms of District debt instruments or District agreements:

Unrestricted cash and investments Restricted cash and investments	\$ 6,646,096 2,717,114
Cash and investments, Statement of Net Position Cash and investments, Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	9,363,210 103,299
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 9,466,509
Cash and investments as of June 30, 2016, consist of the following:	
Cash on hand Deposits with financial institutions Investments	\$ 450 30,391 9,435,668
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 9,466,509

A. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the District's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the District by the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the District, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the District's investment policy.

		Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
Local Agency Investment Fund			
(LAIF)	N/A	None	\$50 million
Certificates of Deposit	5 Years	None	None
Money Market Funds (must be			
Comprised of eligible securities			
Permitted under this policy)	N/A	None	None

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 2: <u>Cash and Investments</u> – continued

B. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the District's investment policy. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by bond trustee. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

		Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
Money Market Funds	N/A	None	None

C. Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity:

	aining Maturity (in Months)
	 12 Months
Investment Type	 or Less
State Investment Pool (LAIF)	\$ 6,890,612
Certificates of Deposit	200,000
Money Market Funds	2,316,785
Held by Debt Trustees:	
Money Market Funds	 28,271
	\$ 9,435,668

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 2: <u>Cash and Investments</u> – continued

C. Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk – continued

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the District's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of fiscal year end for each investment type.

			Ra	ating as of	Fis	cal Year End
		Minimum				
		Legal				
Investment Type	Amount	Rating		AAA		Not rated
State Investment Pool (LAIF)	\$ 6,890,612	N/A	\$		\$	6,890,612
Certificates of Deposit	200,000	N/A				200,000
Money Market Funds	2,316,785	N/A				2,316,785
Held by Debt Trustees:						
Money Market Funds	28,271	N/A		28,271		
	\$ 9,435,668		\$	28,271	\$	9,407,397

D. Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the District contains limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. Only investments with LAIF and the Money Market Funds exceed 5% or more of total District investments. The Money Market Funds are collateralized for the amount over the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation amount or backed by United States obligations.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 2: Cash and Investments - continued

E. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits; The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the government unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure District deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

As of June 30, 2016, \$2,066,785 of the District's deposits and investments with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance limits were held in collateralized accounts.

F. Investment in State Investment Pool

The District is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the District's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 2: <u>Cash and Investments</u> - continued

F. Investment in State Investment Pool - continued

Restricted cash and investments are identified by use as follows at June 30, 2016:

	Waste					
		Water		Disposal	Total	
Debt Service:						_
Kelsey South	\$	224,546	\$		\$	224,546
Pilot Hill South		49,746				49,746
Kelsey North		123,660				123,660
State Revolving Fund		54,058				54,058
Total Debt Service						
Cash and Investments		452,010				452,010
New Facilities:						
Capital Facility Charges		1,641,898				1,641,898
Water Development		398,048				398,048
Community Disposal System						
Replacement and Expansion				225,158		225,158
Total New Facilities Cash and						
Investments		2,039,946		225,158		2,236,158
Total Restricted Cash and						
Investments	\$	2,491,956	<u>\$</u>	225,158	\$	2,717,114

Note 3: Assessments Receivable and Long-Term Receivable

Assessments receivable to the District are construction obligations of the benefited property owners of the Kelsey North, Kelsey South, Pilot Hill North, Pilot Hill South, and Stewart Mine Water Assessment Districts. El Dorado County collects the special assessments semi-annually in order to pay the related projects' Department of Water Resources or United States Department of Agriculture construction debts as they mature. The assessments receivable balances at June 30, 2016, were as follows:

	Current	Non-Current	<u>Total</u>
Water Restricted Assessments Receivable	\$ 55,616	\$ 221,898	\$ 277,514
Fiduciary Assessments Receivable	5,063	158,464	163,527
Total Assessments Receivable	\$ 60,679	\$ 380,362	\$ 441,041

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 4: Capital Assets

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost when purchased. Donated capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of donation. Capital assets are depreciated over estimated useful lives ranging from one hundred years (Stumpy Meadows Dam) to three years (small office equipment) using the straight-line method. Capital assets at June 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

	Balance July 1, 2015		Additions		Deletions	J	Balance June 30, 2016
Nondepreciable Capital Assets:							
Land and land right	\$ 770,975	\$		\$		\$	770,975
Construction in progress	941,748		145,405		40,670		1,046,483
Total nondepreciable capital assets	1,712,723	_	145,405	_	40,670		1,817,458
Depreciable Capital Assets:							
General plant equipment and facilities	1,353,790		84,891		165,612		1,273,069
Water treatment	5,612,185		2,175		12,519		5,601,841
Transmission and distribution	13,445,211		99,728		242,464		13,302,475
Auburn Lake Trails septic facilities	847,372				232		847,140
Source of supply	6,758,452		40,670		14,726		6,784,396
Total depreciable capital assets	28,017,010		227,464		435,553		27,808,921
Less: accumulated depreciation	 (16,975,572)		(816,291)		(435,553)		(17,356,310)
Net depreciable capital assets	 11,041,438		(588,827)				10,456,611
Net capital assets	\$ 12,754,161	\$	(443,422)	\$	40,670	\$	12,270,069

Depreciation Allocations

Depreciation expense was charged to functions and programs based on their usage of the related assets. The amounts allocated to each function or program was as follows:

Business-type Activities:

Water	\$ 788,421
Wastewater Disposal	 27,870
Total Depreciation Expense-Business-Type Activities	\$ 816,291

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 5: **Long-Term Debt**

A. Compensated Absences

District employees accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits which can be converted to cash at termination of employment. It is estimated that up to two weeks per employee might be liquidated with expendable currently available financial resources in the next year. These vested benefits are reported as part of the noncurrent liabilities on the Statement of Net Position and totaled \$70,602 at June 30, 2016. It is anticipated that \$35,195 of these benefits will be used during the fiscal

B.

year ending June 30, 2017.		
Notes Payable		Balance
		June 30, 2016
Department of Water Resources Three long-term contracts have been entered into with the State of California Department of Water Resources (DWR) to finance the construction of various water projects.		
The Kelsey North Water Assessment District 1989-1 contract of \$630,000 is to be repaid by seventy semi-annual payments of \$15,398. These payments, due April 1 and October 1, beginning April of 1993 and ending October 1, 2027, include interest on the outstanding note balance at 3.3712%. Payments are made from assessments collected from the Assessment District.	\$	291,576
The Kelsey South Water Assessment District 1989-4 contract of \$666,750 is to be repaid by sixty semi-annual payments of \$17,836. These payments, due April 1 and October 1, beginning April of 1993 and ending October 1, 2022, includes interest on the outstanding note balance at 3.41%. Payments are made from assessments collected from the Assessment District.		206,409
The Walton Lake Water Treatment Plant Filter Replacement contract of \$400,511 is to be repaid by forty semi-annual payments of \$12,529. These payments, due April 1 and October 1, beginning October of 2010 and ending April 1, 2030, include interest on the outstanding note balance at 2.2836%. Total Department of Water Resources Notes Payable		298,812 796,797
Total 2 sparsard of Water 1000 motor 1 and actor		,,,,,,
United States Bureau of Reclamation		
A non-interest bearing contract was entered into with the U.S. bureau of Reclamation in 1977 to construct the Otter Creek Project. Annual principal payments of \$4,538 are due through		
January 1, 2018.	_	9,077
Total Notes Payable	\$	805,874

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 5: <u>Long-Term Debt</u> – continued

B. Notes Payable - continued

Future minimum debt service requirements for notes payable are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal			Interest	Total		
2017	\$	72,929	\$	23,134	\$	96,063	
2018	Ψ	75,029	Ψ	21,034	Ψ	96,063	
2019		72,692		18,833		91,525	
2020		74,942		16,583		91,525	
2021		77,327		14,198		91,525	
2022-2026		293,006		39,767		332,773	
2027-2031		139,948		6,476		146,424	
	\$	805,874	\$	140,025	\$	945,899	

C. Capital Leases

On November 27, 2006, the District entered into a long-term capital lease agreement with Verizon for the purpose of constructing a permanent cell tower. The first ten years of uncollected lease payments represent the cost of constructing the tower, which is owned by the District. If the lease is terminated within the first ten years, the District will owe Verizon the remaining construction cost. The first ten year period commenced November 1, 2008. The capital lease totaled \$155,731 based on discounting at 3% the monthly lease amount of \$1,500. The capital lease liability is being retired using a 3% interest rate as well. The balance of the capital lease at June 30, 2016, was \$23,506.

On May 22, 2016, the district entered into a long-term capital lease agreement with Santander Financing for a 2016 Ram 5500 truck costing \$54,406. The payments are \$1,231 per month including interest at 4.1% for 48 months. The balance of the lease at June 30, 2016, was \$51,261. The accumulated depreciation and related depreciation expense on the truck for the year ended June 30, 2016 was \$2,720.

Future minimum debt service requirements for capital leases are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	F	Principal	I	nterest	Total		
2017	\$	29,357	\$	2,183	\$	31,540	
2018		19,366		1,404		20,770	
2019		13,963		808		14,771	
2020		12,081		228		12,309	
	\$	74,767	\$	4,623	\$	79,390	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 5: <u>Long-Term Debt</u> – continued

D. Change in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

									Due Within
	Balance July 1, 2015						Balance		One
			 Additions Repayr		epayments	<u>June 30, 2016</u>			Year
Notes payable	\$	876,667	\$	\$	(70,793)	\$	805,874	\$	72,929
Post-employment benefits		417,018	135,841		(57,659)		495,200		
Capital lease		40,540	54,406		(20,179)		74,767		29,357
Compensated absences		51,505	19,097				70,602		35,195
Net pension liability		4,014,865	773,865				4,788,730		
Total	\$	5,400,595	\$ 983,209	\$	(148,631)	\$	6,235,173	\$	137,481

Note 6: Agency: Special Assessment Debt

The District acts as an agent for the Stewart Mine Road Water Assessment District 98-1 Bonds, issued on August 24, 1999. This debt was not included in the District's accounting records because the District had no obligation for the payment of these bonds other than in a fiduciary capacity. The principal amount outstanding at June 30, 2016, and June 30, 2015, was \$189,204 and \$194,270, respectively.

Construction relating to various improvement districts has been financed in part by assessment of benefited property owners in the form of special assessment bonds authorized under the Improvement Bond Act of 1915. Bonds in the amount of \$774,002 have been issued for the benefit of Greenwood, Cool-Cherry Acres, Spanish Dry Diggins, and Line Extensions 77-5 water improvement districts. These bonds were originally issued through Farmers Home Administration, later transferred to General Electric Capital Corporation and subsequently acquired by CapMark. During 2009 CapMark was acquired by Berkadia. The principal amount outstanding at June 30, 2016, and June 30, 2015 was \$7,000 and \$34,000, respectively.

Note 7: On-Site Wastewater Disposal Zone (O.S.W.D.Z.)

During the early part of 1984, it became apparent that a proposed sewer assessment district was not going to be approved and that the assimilation alternative of combining certain lots in the Auburn Lake Trails (A.L.T.) subdivision was a possibility. By letter dated April 24, 1984, Trans America Development Corporation (TADCO) and A.L.T. property owners jointly requested the formation of an on-site wastewater disposal zone which would be monitored by the District. The O.S.W.D.Z. was formed pursuant to the authority granted under Sections 6950 et seq. of the Health and Safety Code of the State of California and became operative by board resolution on March 19, 1985. The effective date for accounting for revenues and expenses was April 1, 1985.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 7: On-Site Wastewater Disposal Zone (O.S.W.D.Z.) - continued

The purpose of the O.S.W.D.Z. is to protect the ground and surface water within the Disposal Zone boundaries in compliance with Regional Water Quality Control Board requirements. The District's responsibility is to design and inspect new on-site disposal systems and to monitor the surface and ground water quality and system performance of existing systems.

The O.S.W.D.Z. assessment revenues charged will be restricted to pay the operating costs of the O.S.W.D.Z. No unrestricted District funds can be used to pay expenses of the O.S.W.D.Z.

Effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1998, the O.S.W.D.Z. Capital Expenditure Reserve was established. The O.S.W.D.Z. Capital Expenditure Reserve fund has had little activity over the years. The fund was inactivated May 13, 2008.

In addition to the O.S.W.D.Z., the District, by contract, has taken over operation of the Community Disposal System (C.D.S.) of 139 lots within the A.L.T. subdivision. These property owners pay additional assessments for operation and maintenance of the C.D.S. The C.D.S. Expansion Benefit Reserve was established July 1, 2000, and currently receives annual transfers in an effort to achieve the reserve level approved by the District in May 2005.

Note 8: Restricted Benefit Charges

This non-operating revenue is comprised of various benefit charges and interest earned on the corresponding deposits. The implementation of the Capital Facility Charges on July 1, 2008, replaced the previous treatment plant, pipeline, and storage benefit charges. Pursuant to District ordinance, this revenue is restricted in special accounts which are to be used exclusively as follows:

Water development charge funds: To develop alternate sources of raw water to meet long-term District requirements.

Capital Facility Charge Fund: For maintenance and/or improvements of the treatment plants, pipeline facilities, and storage facilities.

O.S.W.D.Z./C.D.S. replacement and expansion benefit charge funds: For maintenance, improvement, and/or expansion of the community disposal system as well as facilitating improvements in the O.S.W.D.Z.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 9: Net Position

Net Position is the excess of all the District's assets over all its liabilities, regardless of fund. Net position is divided into three captions under GASB Statement No. 63. These captions apply only to net position, which are determined only at the government-wide level, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds (trust funds only), and are described below.

Net Investment in Capital Assets

Investment in capital assets describes the portion of net position which is represented by the current net book value of the District's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets.

Net Position Restrictions

Restricted net position consists of constraints placed on net position use through external creditors (such as through debt covenants), grants, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Net position restricted for new facilities represent the net assets accumulated from restricted benefit charges imposed by District ordinances for the maintenance and expansion of facilities. Net position restricted for debt service is required by the debt agreements.

Unrestricted Net Position

The term "unrestricted" describes the portion of net position which is not restricted as to use.

The Board has designated portions of the unrestricted net position for specific operating purposes in an effort to provide for the prudent operations of the District.

Retiree: To provide for the estimated future retiree health insurance benefits of existing retirees and current employees who have bargained for the benefit.

Georgetown/Buckeye and Garden Valley: For use in activities specific to the designated area.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 9: Net Position - continued

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> - continued

Restricted and unrestricted net position is identified by use as follows as of June 30, 2016:

		***		stewater		T 1
Description ANI of Descriptions		Water	D	isposal		Total
Restricted Net Position: New Facilities:						
	\$	398,544	\$		\$	200 544
Water Development Capital Facility Charges	Ф		Ф		Ф	398,544
C.D.S. Replacement		1,641,897		44,149		1,641,897 44,149
C.D.S. Expansion				181,290		181,290
Total New Facilities Net Position		2,040,441		225,439		2,265,880
Total New Facilities Net Fosition		2,040,441		223,439		2,203,880
Debt Service:						
Kelsey North	\$	123,660	\$		\$	123,660
Kelsey South		224,546				224,546
Pilot Hill South		49,746				49,746
Total Debt Service Net Position		397,952				397,952
Total Restricted Net Position	\$	2,438,393	\$	225,439	\$	2,663,832
Unrestricted Net Position:						
Unrestricted Designated Net Position:						
Retiree	\$	84,579	\$		\$	84,579
Stumpy Meadows Emergency Reserve		1,033,957				1,033,957
Short-lived Asset Replacement		764,357				764,357
Capital Reserve		1,161,000				1,161,000
Georgetown/Buckeye		3				3
Garden Valley		107,462				107,462
Hydroelectric		557,415				557,415
Total Unrestricted Designated						
Net Position		3,708,773				3,708,773
Unrestricted Undesignated Net Position		(2,240,474)		725,466		(1,515,008)
Total Unrestricted Net Position	\$	1,468,299	\$	725,466	\$	2,193,765

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 10: Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District participates in the Association of California Water Agencies Joint Powers Insurance Authority (ACWAJPIA), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk carrier management and insurance program for member agencies. The purpose of ACWAJPIA is to spread the adverse effect of losses among the members and to purchase excess insurance as a group, thereby reducing its expenses. The District pays annual premiums to the ACWAJPIA for its general liability, automobile, property, fidelity coverage, and workers' compensation. The agreement for formation of the ACWAJPIA provides that the ACWAJPIA will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of \$50,000 (property), \$100,000 (fidelity), and \$2,000,000 (general, automobile and public officials liability) for each insured event, except for workers compensation which will reinsure for claims in excess of \$2,000,000. The deductibles for the ACWAJPIA do not exceed \$2,500. Total premiums paid for fiscal year 2016 were \$131,536.

The District continues to carry commercial insurance for employee health and life insurance. The District also carries commercial insurance for dental and optical insurance for the employees represented by Stationary Engineers, Local 39 and all new employees hired after July 11, 2006.

Note 11: Defined Benefit Pension Plan

A. General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Description—All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Local Government's Miscellaneous Employee Pension Plans, cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provision under the Plans are established by State statue and Local Government resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provision, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided—CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total services are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduces benefits. All members are eligible for nonduty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 11: <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan</u> - continued

A. General Information about the Pension Plans – continued

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2016, are summarized as follows:

		Miscellaneous	
Hire Date	Prior to June 19, 2006	On or after June 19, 2006 to December 28, 2012	On or after December 28, 2012
Benefit formula	2.7% @ 55	2.7% @ 55	2% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	55	55	55
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.7%	2.7%	2%
Required employee contribution rates	8%	8%	6.25%
Required employer contributions rates	12.209%+\$369,459	10.298%+\$8,664	6.237%

Contributions – Section 20814 (c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contribution for both Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The Local Government is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the contributions recognized as part of pension expense for each Plan were as follows:

	Tier I	Tier II	<u>PEPRA</u>
Contributions employer	\$409,464	\$62,252	\$13,013
Contributions employee (paid by employer)	26,216	41,608	13,040

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 11: <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan</u> – continued

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2016, the Local Government reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of each Plan as follows:

	Proportionate
	Share of Net
	Pension
	Liability
Miscellaneous	\$4,788,730

The District's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation of June 30, 2013, rolled forward to June 30, 2014, using standard update procedures. The Local Government's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Local Government's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The Local Government's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of June 30, 2015, and 2016, was as follows:

	Tier I	Tier II	PERPRA
Proportion June 30, 2014	\$3,823,194	\$191,637	\$34
Proportion June 30, 2015 Change Increase	4,557,232	230,815	683
(Decrease)	734,038	39,178	649

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Local Government recognized pension expenses of \$40,008, \$53,588, and \$13,013 for Tier I, Tier II, and PERPRA. At June 30, 2016, the Local Government reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Γ	Deferred]	Deferred
	C	Outflows		Inflows
	of l	Resources	of	Resources
Pension contributions subsequent		_		
to measurement date	\$	484,729	\$	
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings of pension plan investments				(198,878)
Total	\$	484,729	\$	(198,878)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 11: <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan</u> – continued

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – continued

\$484,729 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Measurement		Deferred
Period	Outfl	ows/(Inflows)
June 30,	of	Resources
2016	\$	(99,765)
2017		(99,765)
2018		(90,663)
2019		91,315

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date Meassurement Date Actuarial Cost Method	June 30, 2013 June 30, 2014 Entry-Age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.65%
Inflation	2.75%
Payroll Growth	3.00%
Projected Salary Increase	3.3%-14.2% (1)
Investment Rate of Return	7.5% (2)
Mortality	

- (1) Depending on age, service and type of employment
- (2) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of a January 2014 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2011. Further details of the Experience Study can found on the Cal PERS website.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 11: Defined Benefit Pension Plan – continued

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – continued

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50% for each Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.5 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.5 percent will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS website.

According to Paragraph 30 of Statement 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The 7.50 percent investment return assumption used in this accounting valuation is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 15 basis points. An investment return excluding administrative expenses would have been 7.65 percent. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher Total Pension Liability and Net Pension Liability. CalPERS checked the materiality threshold for the difference in calculation and did not find it to be a material difference.

CalPERS is scheduled to review all actuarial assumptions as part of its regular Asset Liability Management (ALM) review cycle that is scheduled to be completed in February 2018. Any changes to the discount rate will require Board action and proper stakeholder outreach. For these reasons, CalPERS expects to continue using a discount rate net of administrative expenses for GASB 67 and 68 calculations through at least the 2017-18 fiscal year. CalPERS will continue to check the materiality of the difference in calculation until such time as we have changed our methodology.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down the nearest one quarter of one percent.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 11: <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan</u> – continued

C. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – continued

Discount Rate - continued

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1-10 ⁽¹⁾	Real Return Years 11+ ⁽²⁾
Global equity	47.0%	5.25%	5.71%
Global fixed income	19.0%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation sensitive	6.0%	0.45%	3.36%
Private equity	12.0%	6.83%	6.95%
Real estate	11.0%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure and forestland	3.0%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity	2.0%	(.55%)	(1.05%)
	100.0%		

⁽¹⁾ An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate—The following presents the Local Government's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the Local Government's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	<u>Tier I</u>	<u>Tier II</u>	<u>PEPRA</u>
1% Decrease	6.65%	6.65%	6.65%
Net Pension Liability	\$7,642,796	\$387,093	\$1,145
Current Discount Rate	7.65%	7.65%	7.65%
Net Pension Liability	\$4,557,232	\$230,815	\$683
1% Increase	8.65%	8.65%	8.65%
Net Pension Liability	\$2,009,740	\$101,789	\$301

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position—Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

⁽²⁾ An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 12: Description of Deferred Compensation Pension Plans

The District has two deferred compensation plans. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plans, all property and rights purchased with these amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) solely the property and rights of the employees and their beneficiaries. No part of the corpus or income of the trust shall revert to employer or be used for or diverted for purposes other than for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries.

Only employee contributions were made to the Internal Revenue Code Section 457 deferred compensation plan or the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) defined contribution money purchase plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The District does not make contributions on behalf of the employees.

The District is the administrator of the plans. The International City Management Association (ICMA) Retirement Corporation holds the funds in a trust and also advises as to legality, files appropriate plan documentation, and reports the quarterly activities to each plan participant.

Note 13: Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions

A. Plan Description

The District provides certain health insurance benefits to retired employees in accordance with a memorandum of understanding with International Union of Operating Engineers, Stationary Engineers, Local No. 39 (Union) and Ordinance 2006-01.

For employees who retire from the District after at least twenty (20) years of service with the District and who continue health insurance through a District-sponsored health insurance plan until the age of 65, the District will contribute up to \$435 per month of the health insurance premium for the retiree and/or the retiree's spouse. At the age of 65, the retiree is required to enroll in Medicare and the District will continue to contribute up to \$435 per month to a Medicare supplemental plan of the retiree's or retiree spouse's choice.

Effective February 7, 2006, the District extended the benefit described above to all new employees, as well as the employees who are part of the Union. However, the District administers a wide variety of other retirement benefits based on the plans in place when various long-term employees' retired and in conjunction with Ordinance 2006-01. The benefits for the few unrepresented and management employees as of April 11, 2006, are dictated by Ordinance 2006-01 as well. None of the previous arrangements are being extended to any new employees of the District.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 13: Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions - continued

B. Funding Policy

The District's policy is to contribute an amount sufficient to pay the estimated amount required to cover benefits for the existing employees who may retire with 20 years of service. For fiscal year 2015-16, the District paid \$102,288 for retiree benefits and received retiree contributions of \$44,629, for a net cost of \$57,659. Currently, there are 16 retirees who are receiving benefits. The District administers the plan described above and has accumulated \$566,606 in cash and investments for these benefits as of June 30, 2016. However, as the plan is not administered with an irrevocable trust, this amount cannot be considered for prefunding.

C. Annual OPEB and Net OPEB Obligation

As the District administers the non-pension post-employment benefits plan, the District records the annual retiree benefit expense as the annual premium expense adjusted to the annual required contribution (ARC). The District's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the ARC, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45's Alternative Measurement Method allowed for employers with less than 100 plan members (active employees and eligible retirees). The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the fiscal year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation.

Annual required contribution	\$ 135,841
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	 135,841
Contributions made	 (57,659)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	 78,182
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of fiscal year	 417,018
Net OPEB obligation - end of fiscal year	\$ 495,200

The District 's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2016, 2015, and 2014 were as follows:

					Net
	Fiscal			Percentage of	OPEB
	Year		Annual	Annual OPEB	Obligation
	Ended	O]	PEB Costs	Costs Contribution	(Asset)
_	June 30, 2014	\$	161,204	41%	\$ 340,478
	June 30, 2015		135,779	44%	417,018
	June 30, 2016		135,841	42%	495,200

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 13: Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions – continued

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of June 30, 2015, the most recent Alternate Measurement Method valuation date, the plan was zero percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$1,533,647, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$1,533,647. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$777,837, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 197 percent.

The Alternate Measurement Method valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The Alternate Measurement Method valuation (valuation) method and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 30, 2015, valuation, the attained age cost method was used. The valuation assumptions included a 0.5 percent investment rate of return, which is the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets, a projected salary increase assumption rate of 1.6 percent, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 3.6 percent. There are no assets designated for the plan as of June 30, 2016. The UAAL is being amortized over the average number of years remaining to be worked to reach the average retirement age of the active employees. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2016, was eleven years.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 14: Revenue Limitation Imposed by California Proposition 218

Proposition 218, which was approved by the voters in November 1996, regulates the District's ability to impose, increase, and extend taxes and assessments. Any new, increase, or extended taxes and assessments subject to the provisions of Proposition 218 requires the voters' approval before they can be implemented. Additionally, Proposition 218 provides that these taxes and assessments are subject to voter initiative process and may be rescinded in the future years by the voters.

The proposition also provides for a customer protest process when fees for services benefiting a property are proposed to be increased. The District follows this process when changes are contemplated for water sales and waste disposal zone charges.

Note 15: Commitments and Contingencies

The District has received State and Federal funds for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor Agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under the term of the grants, it is believed that any required reimbursements will be immaterial.

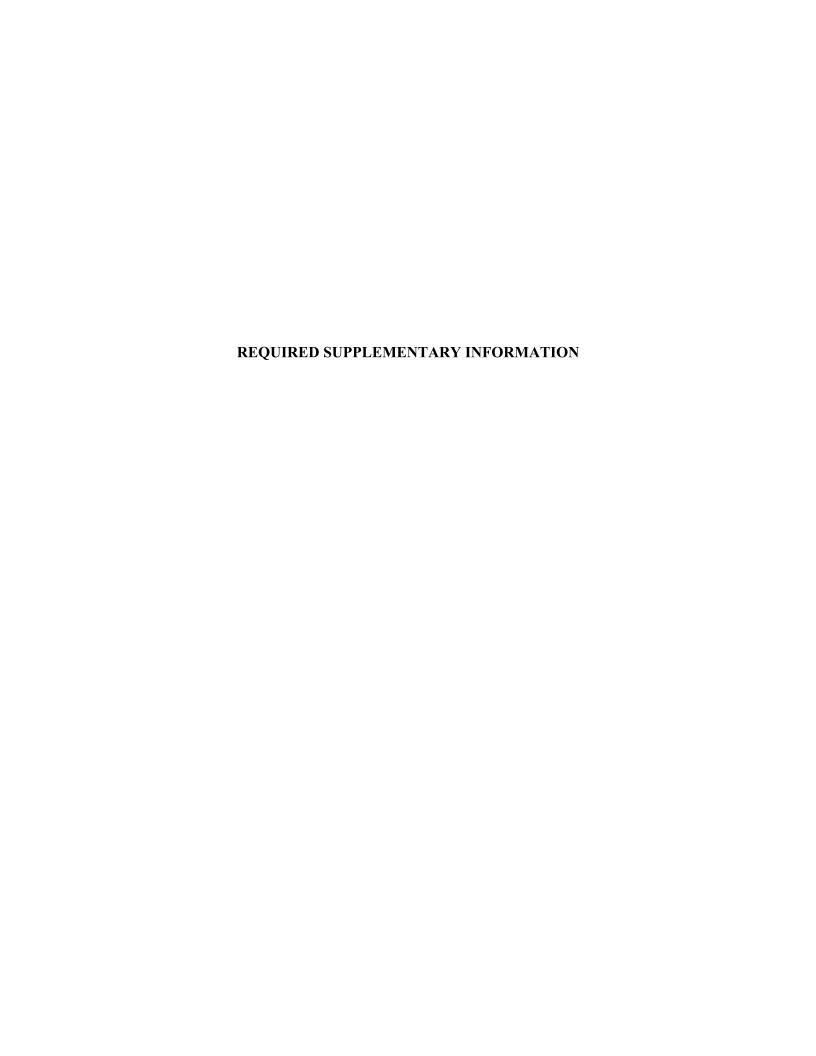
On November 16, 2012, the El Dorado County Superior Court ruled in favor of the District in a suit brought against the District challenging the District's right and obligation to maintain infrastructure serving the public. The decision upholds the District's right and obligation to maintain public infrastructure.

At June 30, 2016, the District had commitments related to the design of the Auburn Lake Trials Water Treatment Plant and for future maintenance/updates for the mapping of District facilities in the amounts of \$16,638 and \$1,857, respectively.

Compliance Order #01-09-04CO-002 was issued by the CA Dept. of Public Health on February 23, 2004, which required the District to provide surface water treatment that effectively reduces giardia cysts and viruses by 3 and 4 logs respectively, through filtration and disinfection at its Auburn Lake Trails Water Treatment Plant. Since then, regulations have added the requirement for the ALTWTP to effectively reduce cryptosporidium cysts by 2 logs. This later requirement is considered achieved when treatment requirements for giardia and viruses are being met. As of the date of these financial statements, the District is not in compliance with the Compliance Order. The ramifications of this non-compliance have not been determined, but may include possible fines and penalties.

Note 16: Subsequent Events

In preparing the accompanying financial statement, the District management has reviewed all known events that have occurred after June 30, 2016, and through January 20, 2017, the date when this financial statement was available to be issued, for inclusion in the financial statement and footnotes.



GEORGETOWN DIVIDE PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS JUNE 30, 2016

Other Post-Employment Benefits

Schedule of Funding Progress

		Actuarial			Annual	UAAL as a
	Accrued	Value of	Unfunded	Funded	Covered	% of
Valuation	Liability	Assets	Liability	Status	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(a)-(b)	(b)/(a)	(c)	[(a)-(b)]/(c)
6/30/2010	\$ 1,428,000	\$ -	\$ 1,428,000	0.0%	\$ 1,448,117	98.6%
6/30/2011	1,290,449	-	1,290,449	0.0%	1,383,003	93.3%
6/30/2012	1,703,923	-	1,703,923	0.0%	1,586,957	107.4%
6/30/2015	1,533,647	-	1,533,647	0.0%	777,839	197.2%

GEORGETOWN DIVIDE PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY JUNE 30, 2016

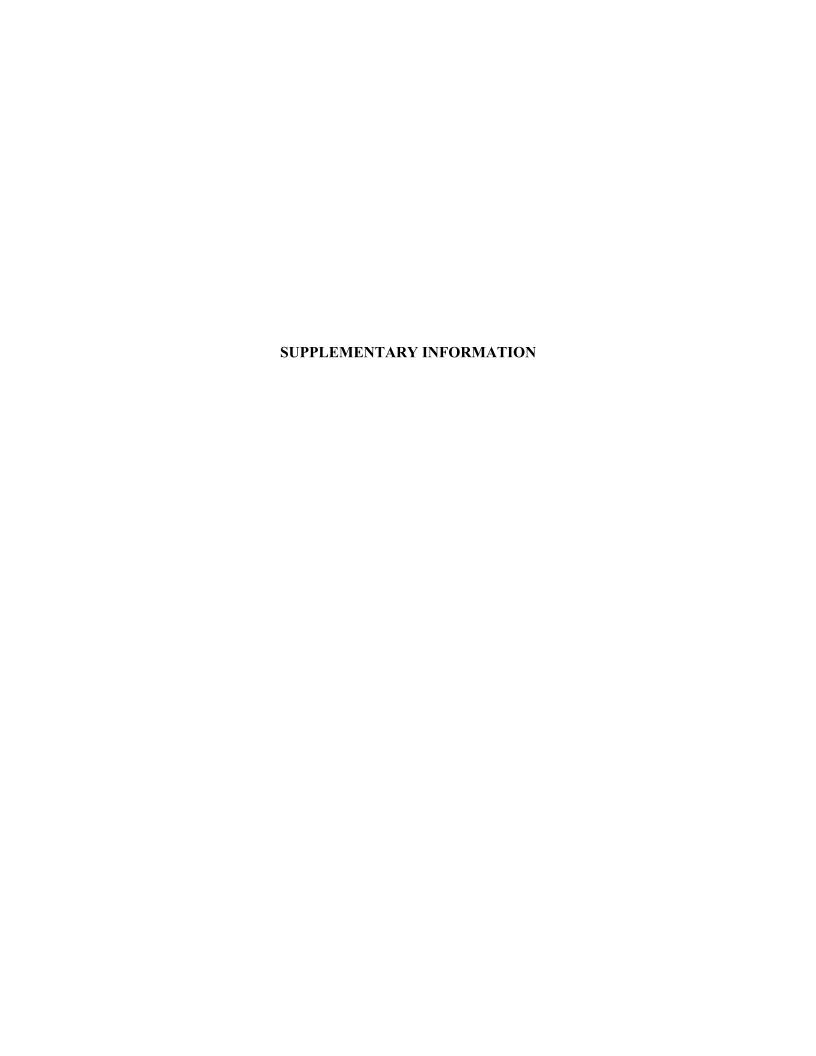
	June 30, 2016 *			ne 30, 2015 *
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.19760%		0.16244%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	4,788,730	\$	4,014,865
Covered-employee payroll	\$	1,056,438	\$	1,058,538
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its				
covered-employee payroll		453.29%		379.28%
Plan's fiduciary net position	\$	10,455,902	\$	11,715,109
Plan's total pension liability	\$	15,244,632	\$	15,729,974
Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of its				
total pension liability		68.59%		74.48%
Valuation date		6/30/2014		6/30/2013

^{*} Fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, was the first year of implementation, therefore, only two years of information was available.

GEORGETOWN DIVIDE PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS JUNE 30, 2016

	<u>Jun</u>	e 30, 2016 *	June 30, 2015 *		
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined) Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	\$	484,729 (484,729)	\$	316,796 (316,796)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	1,056,438	\$	1,058,538	
Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		45.88%		29.93%	

^{*} Fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, was the first year of implementation, therefore, only two years of information was available.



GEORGETOWN DIVIDE PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF OPERATING EXPENSES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (With Comparative Totals for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015)

	G	Transmission		Transmission		A d	Site		
	Source of	and Distribution -	and		Conton	Administrative	Wastewater	To do In	
Wate		Raw Water	Water	Distribution - Treated Water	Customer Service	and Hydroelectric	Disposal Zone	Totals 2016 2015	
Colonias and mont time labor	Supply \$125,052	\$ 264,657	<u>Treatment</u> \$157,492	\$ 320,957	\$162,346		\$ 51,187	\$1,340,014	\$ 1,160,596
Salaries and part-time labor CalPERS benefits		68.094	55.038				+,		
	42,128	,	,	112,014	24,783	123,862	12,261	438,180	274,285
Payroll taxes	9,391	15,837	11,897	24,008	6,232	19,329	3,996	90,690	83,644
Insurance - health and life plans	35,594	52,927	39,898	84,039	19,774	26,581	18,302	277,115	225,725
Insurance - workers' compensation	14,259	18,600	6,214	16,489	3,276	5,470	3,579	67,887	76,130
Accounting and audit fees	-	-	-	-	-	13,800	1,200	15,000	15,000
Building maintenance and repairs	-	-	-	40	-	6,281	-	6,321	4,439
Director stipends	.	-	-	-	-	23,200	-	23,200	23,600
Engineering fees	25,858	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,858	40,114
Insurance - general	3,356	14,147	11,214	13,359	8,364	7,935	3,542	61,917	58,146
Legal - general	-	36,191	-	-	-	79,692	9,768	125,651	91,862
Supplies, rentals and durable goods	13,266	87,148	70,619	113,278	286	6,176	7,237	298,010	189,083
Office supplies	-	125	1,276	295	15,769	30,791	2,059	50,315	27,862
Outside services	21,094	6,012	8,796	7,195	-	123,259	18,298	184,654	158,135
Retiree benefits	-	-	-	-	-	135,841	-	135,841	156,439
Development and travel	-	90	90	670	18	17,703	-	18,571	2,884
Utilities	2,160	1,380	133,006	10,515	3,239	23,192	10,236	183,728	180,120
Equipment and vehicle maint.	4,131	12,110	5,131	8,392	4,895	9,009	3,045	46,713	49,803
Vehicle operations	4,104	14,658	5,508	10,272	-	530	4,297	39,369	48,778
Regulatory requirements and fees	51,254	1,408	39,834	6,510	656	5,600	34,574	139,836	105,588
Other - County election admin.	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	6,466
Other - County property tax admin.	_	-	_	-	-	30,646	_	30,646	19,065
Other - Memberships	_	-	_	163	-	11,949	_	12,112	16,076
Depreciation	116,486	80,293	173,640	381,924	18,039	18,039	27,870	816,291	672,901
Other	214	428	106	114	385	7,336	215	8,798	20,783
Total	\$468,347	\$ 674,105	\$719,759	\$ 1,110,234	\$268,062	\$ 984,544	\$ 211,666	\$4,436,717	\$ 3,707,524

GEORGETOWN DIVIDE PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT RESTRICTED PLANT BENEFIT CHARGES AND DISCLOSURES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Water Development		Capital Facility Charges	nort-lived Asset placement	Community Disp. System Rep. Benefit		Comm. Disp. System Expan. Benefit		Total
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$	397,001	\$1,616,675	\$ 761,371	\$	43,976	\$	180,582	\$2,999,605
Activity for fiscal year ended June 30, 2016:									
Sources:									
Interest earned		1,542	6,120	2,986		172		708	11,528
Restricted benefit charges			19,103	 					19,103
Total sources		1,542	25,223	2,986		172		708	30,631
Balance at June 30, 2016	\$	398,543	\$1,641,898	\$ 764,357	\$	44,148	\$	181,290	\$3,030,236